

Modelling the deformation behaviour of granular assemblies of non-spherical particles by the use of bonded Discrete Element Method

Kostas Giannis*, Carsten Schilde*, Jan Henrik Finke* and Arno Kwade*

* Institut für Partikeltechnik (IPAT)
Technische Universität Braunschweig (TUBS)
Volkmaroderstraße 5, 38104 Braunschweig, Germany
* Zentrum für Pharmaverfahrenstechnik (PVZ)
Technische Universität Braunschweig (TUBS)
Franz-Liszt-Straße 35a, 38106 Braunschweig (Germany)
e-mail: k.giannis@tu-braunschweig.de, web page: <http://www.ipat.tu-bs.de>

ABSTRACT

Modelling the mechanical behaviour of granular assemblies under high load (e.g. calendaring battery electrodes or pressing tablets) with discrete element method (DEM) is a challenging task greatly influenced by the shape of the individual particles. Spherical particle representation is often not sufficient enough when it comes to real cases with non-spherical particles. However, the widespread agreement to have sophisticated particle shape representations has led to approaches that allow for shape consideration within DEM. Currently available are approaches that include superquadrics and multi-sphere representations with or without bonds.

In our attempt the bonded multi-sphere approach has been adopted. Granular assembly is represented as collection of two types of representing non-spherical particles: Particles with intragranular bonds (for a pair of elements which belong to the same particle) and intergranular bonds (for a pair of elements which belong to two different particles). Main advantage of this approach is that by tuning bonds parameters our particles can behave not only as rigid but further as deformable bodies.

Different examples of uni-axial powder compaction like calendaring of electrodes and pressing tablets will be presented to show the ability of this approach to accurately provide the required deformation. Experimental results will be used in order to justify our findings.

REFERENCES

- [1] Xia Y, Lai Z, Westover T, Klinger J, Huang H, Chen Q. *Discrete element modeling of deformable pinewood chips in cyclic loading test*. 345, 1-14, Powder Technology, 2019.
- [2] Zhang Q, Xu WY, Liu QY, Meng QX. *A novel non-overlapping approach to accurately represent 2D arbitrary particles for DEM modelling*. 24(1):190-202, Journal of Central South University, 2017.
- [3] Parteli EJ, Pschel T. *Particle-based simulation of powder application in additive manufacturing*. 288:96-102, Powder Technology, 2016.
- [4] Herman A. *Discrete-Element bonded-particle Sea Ice model DESIgn, version 1.3 a model description and implementation*. 9(3):1219-41, Geoscientific Model Development, 2016.
- [5] Soltanbeigi B, Podlozhnyuk A, Papanicolopoulos SA, Kloss C, Pirker S, Ooi JY. *DEM study of mechanical characteristics of multi-spherical and superquadric particles at micro and macro scales*. 329:288-303, Powder Technology, 2018.