NUMERICAL MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF STF-BASED LIQUID ARMOR MATERIALS UNDER BALLISTIC IMPACT

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Liquid armor refers to high-strength fabrics saturated with shear-thickening fluids (STF) that exhibit increasing viscosity at high shear rates. STF-based dissipative augmentation of conventional fabrics has improved their ballistic performance in impact protection applications without deteriorating their original flexibility and lightweight. Current design work on liquid armor systems mainly depends on experimental methods. Hence reliable computational methods can substantially reduce the relatively high cost of experimental design approaches. Computational research by the authors focuses on the development of numerical models including geometric discretization schemes, material constitutive models and contact algorithms well-suited to the simulation of liquid armor systems under ballistic impact. This research also includes their implementation into two Lagrangian computational methods: finite element methods (FEM) and hybrid particle-element methods (HPEM). The long-term goal is to aid the computational design of advanced STF-based armor systems with the experimentally validated numerical models against impact tests and yarn pull-out tests.

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