

PURE BENDING IN NON-LINEAR ELASTICITY – ANALYTICAL SOLUTION FOR A FAMILY OF ELASTIC MATERIALS IN 2D CONTINUUM MECHANICS

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Bending of a plate into a cylindrical shape in a geometrically non-linear regime has an analytical solution as shown e.g. by Lurie, Ogden and Bruhns et al. among others, for a variety of elastic constitutive laws.

In the process, a semi-inverse method is utilised, whereby a deformed geometry in the shape of a circular strip of unknown thickness and curvature is assumed and tested against the governing equations of the problem. In contrast to linear elasticity, the through-the-thickness stress component now develops, while the longitudinal and lateral stress components cease to be linearly varying functions of the cross-section co-ordinates.

In the present contribution, an attempt will be made to re-cast some of the known solutions in a more general form applicable to a wider class of elastic materials belonging to the Seth-Hill family of material models.

Essentially, for a material capable of undergoing large elastic deformations, this leaves room for an extra material parameter to be defined assuming a linear relationship between an arbitrary pair of energy-conjugate strain and stress tensors.

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