

# Enhanced embedded strong discontinuity quadrilateral for dynamic crack propagation

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## ABSTRACT

We present a novel embedded discontinuity quadrilateral finite element that is improved by incompatible mode parameters. In order to describe a crack formation and opening in quasi brittle 2d solid under a dynamic load we use the method of embedded strong discontinuity in displacements. It provides mesh-independent solution for the reason that the fracture dissipation energy is associated with the discontinuity and does not depend on the finite element size. Crack opening is expressed as a combination of basic separation modes (mode I and mode II). The cohesion tractions in the crack are described by damage-softening constitutive relation. Results of failure analysis of structural elements subjected to dynamic loads are provided in order to assess the performance of the novel enhanced quadrilateral finite element formulation and the crack tracing algorithm.

## REFERENCES

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