Implementation of the Discontinuous Galerkin method in the framework of the cgFEM for the resolution of Maxwell's equations

Navarro-García H.^{†,*}, Sevilla R.[‡], Navarro-Jiménez J.M.[†] and Ródenas J.J.[†]

[†] Mechanical Engineering Research Centre (CIIM) Universidad Politécnica de Valencia (UPV) Camino de Vera s/n, Bldg 5E, 46022 Valencia, Spain e-mail: hecnaga1@upv.es*, jonaji@upv.es, jjrodena@mcm.upv.es

[‡] Zienkiewicz Centre for Computational Engineering (ZCCM) College of Engineering, Swansea University Swansea SA1 8EN, Wales, UK e-mail: r.sevilla@swansea.ac.uk

ABSTRACT

The resolution of physical problems involving the propagation of waves through a domain constitutes a great challenge for the field of computational mechanics due to the hyperbolic nature of the partial differential equations that govern these phenomena. The use of the Discontinuous Galerkin technique [1] in conjunction with high order interpolations has proved to be an effective alternative to model this kind of systems, since this procedure minimizes the numerical dispersion and dissipation with respect to lower-order methods [2]. By implementing this methodology within the framework of the Cartesian Grid FEM [3], it is possible to take advantage of the features of geometry independence and hierarchical structure of mesh in order to eliminate the existent problem of generating high-order geometry-conforming meshes [4] and improve the general performance of the method.

In this paper, the DG-cgFEM is developed and its application to solve Maxwell's equations in time domain is presented. The results obtained for scattering problems demonstrate that this procedure allows to effectively simulate the physical phenomenon. Likewise, additional analysis are carried out in order to determine the convergence and stability characteristics of the proposed scheme.

Acknowledgements: The authors thank the Generalitat Valenciana (PROMETEO/2016/007) and the Ministry of Economy and Competitiveness (DPI2017-89816-R) and the Ministry of Science, Innovation and Universities (FPU170/3993) of the Government of Spain for the financial support.

Keywords: cqFEM, Discontinuous Galerkin, high order approximations, Maxwell's equations

REFERENCES

- [1] Cockburn B., Karniadakis G.E., Shu CW. (2000) The Development of Discontinuous Galerkin Methods. Discontinuous Galerkin Methods. Lecture Notes in Computational Science and Engineering, Vol. 11
- [2] Ainsworth M. (2004) Dispersive and dissipative behaviour of high order discontinuous Galerkin finite element methods. *Journal of Computational Physics*. Vol. 198(1), pp. 106–130
- [3] Nadal E., Ródenas J.J., Albelda J., Tur M., Tarancón J.E., Fuenmayor F.J. (2013) Efficient Finite Element Methodology Based on Cartesian Grids: Application to Structural Shape Optimization. *Abstract and Applied Analysis*, Article ID 953786, 19 pages
- [4] Poya R., Sevilla R., Gil A.J. (2016) A unified approach for a posteriori high-order curved mesh generation using solid mechanics. *Computational Mechanics*, Vol. 58(3), pp. 457-490