

## A Scale-Determining Model with a Focus on Low-Reynolds Number and Near-Wall Turbulence

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Within the context of the constitutive relation between the mean velocity gradients and the Reynolds stresses in turbulence modeling, a velocity and length scale-determining model with a focus on low-Reynolds number and near-wall turbulence is proposed. The scale-determining model behaves for a wall-bounded flow so much like the standard  $(K, \omega)$  model in attached and separated turbulent layers, but as the standard  $(K, \varepsilon)$  model in viscous sub-layers and free shear layers. For this purpose some functions based on the Kolmogorov velocity and length scales are introduced into the model. The performance of the model is assessed in the framework of a linear eddy viscosity relation for the Reynolds stresses through testing with a planar Couette flow (zero pressure gradient flow), a planar channel flow (favorable pressure gradient flow) and a planar shock-induced separated flow (adverse pressure gradient flow).

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