-3 June 2015, Trondheim, Norway



http://congress.cimne.com/iga2015

for Numerical Methods in Engineering

Zona Comercial"

Location

The conference will take place at Radisson Blue Royal Garden Hotel, Kiopmannsgate 23. Trondheim, Norway.

About Trondheim: Founded in 997, by the viking king Olav Trygvason, Trondheim is today Norway's third largest city, and one of Europe's foremost centers of research and technology. With a rich history and cultural heritage, Trondheim has much to offer the visitor, from sports and entertainment to art galleries and shopping. Trondheim is also the ideal starting point for a journey to the midnight sun in the north, to the world famous flords in the west, or to Oslo, the capital of Norway, in the south.

Preliminary Registration Fees

Registration fees are expressed in Euro. Early registration applicable if paid by 1st of March 2015.

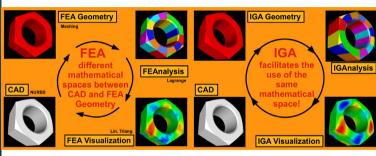
	Early Fees If paid by	Late Fees If paid after
	1st of March 2015	1st of March 2015
Delegates	500€	650 €
Students	350€	450€

ECCOMAS and IACM members will have a 5% reduction on the delegate fees.

Registration fees include: Conference proceedings, attendance at all scientific sessions, coffee breaks, reception and banquet.

Supporting Organizations:

- Norwegian University of Science and Technology, Trondheim, Norway
- SINTEF ICT, Oslo and Trondheim, Norway
- University of Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- European Community on Computational Methods in Applied Sciences (ECCOMAS)
- International Association for Computational Mechanics (IACM)



Left figure: Conventional Finite Element Analysis (FEA) pipeline. Typically, different representations are used for CAD design, FEA-geometry and visualization.

Right figure: Extended Isogeometric Analysis (IGA) pipeline. The same mathematical function space is facilitated during the entire engineering process - from design to visualization.





IGA 2015

III International Conference on Isogeometric Analysis

1 - 3 June 2015, Trondheim, Norway





Rationale

Geometry is the foundation of analysis, yet modern methods of computational geometry have until recently had very little impact on analysis. The reason may be that Finite Element Analysis (FEA), as we know it today, was developed in the 1950's and 1960's, before the advent and widespread use of Computer Aided Geometric Design (CAGD), which occurred in the 1970's and 1980's. The CAGD - FEA interface gives rise to many problems. Perhaps the most significant of all is the problem of translating CAGD files into analysis-suitable FEA geometry and meshing, reputed to take 80% of overall analysis time for complex engineering designs.

The approximate, polynomial-based geometry of FEA also creates difficulties in modeling sliding contact, flows about aerodynamic shapes, buckling of thin shells, etc. It would seem that it is time to look at more powerful descriptions of geometry to provide a new and more efficient basis for analysis. An attempt to address these issues and improve on FEA has led to the introduction and development of Isogeometric Analysis, in which a single geometric representation is utilized for design and analysis.

Following approaches have been proposed: Subdivision Surfaces, NURBS, Hierarchical splines, T-splines and LR B-splines. NURBS are the industry standard for CAGD systems used in engineering design. NURBS-based isogeometric analysis has already been applied to fuids, structures, fluid-structure interaction, phase-field modeling, electromagnetics, shape and topology optimization, material modeling (e.g., implicit gradient damage models), discrete and diffuse modeling of crack propagation, etc. Hierarchical splines, T-splines, and LR B-splines that allow efficient local refinement while maintaining higher-order continuity and exact geometry, have recently attracted increasing attention. The purpose of this conference is to bring together experts in geometry and analysis interested in the development of the new generation of analysis procedures based on modern methods of computational geometry.

Important Dates

Deadline for presenting a one page abstract	15 December 2014
Acceptance of the contributions	20 January 2015
Deadline for early payment	1 March 2015

Conference Organizers

Local Organising Committee

Trond Kvamsdal (Chair)

Dept. of Mathematical Sciences, NTNU, Norway

Tor Dokken (Vice-Chair)

SINTEF ICT, Oslo, Norway

Kjell Magne Mathisen (Vice-Chair)

Dept. of Structural Engineering, NTNU, Norway

Steering Committee

Ferdinando Auricchio, University of Pavia, Pavia, Italy

Yuri Bazilevs, University of California, San Diego, CA, USA

David Benson, University of California, San Diego, CA, USA

Tor Dokken, SINTEF ICT, Oslo, Norway

Thomas J. R. Hughes, University of Texas at Austin, USA

Trond Kvamsdal, NTNU, Trondheim, Norway

Alessandro Reali, University of Pavia, Pavia, Italy

About IGA

The third International Conference on Isogeometric Analysis (IGA 2015) will be organized in Trondheim, Norway on 1-3 June 2015. The first conference of these series was held in Austin (Texas) 13-15 January 2011, and the second was held in Austin (Texas) 8-10 January 2014. Both conferences were organized by Professor Thomas J. R Hughes (University of Texas at Austin) and his coworkers and were considered to be very successful.

The objective of IGA 2015 is to be a meeting place for researchers developing computational methods and scientists and engineers focusing on using Isogeometric methods for addressing challenging applications in science and engineering.

The conference is one of the Special Interest Conferences of the European Community on Computational Methods in Applied Sciences (ECCOMAS). It is also supported by other scientific organisations in Europe and worldwide including the International Association for Computational Mechanics (IACM).

Technical Program

We aim for having two or three parallel sessions with 30 minutes time slot for each presenter. Furthermore, there will be organised a poster session open for everyone with multiple awards for best student posters.

Post-Conference Tour to Røros mining town

This colourful and charming timber town was founded in 1646 and has since developed as both a mining and an agricultural community. Included on UNESCO's list of World Heritage Sites as early as 1980. It is home to an active arts and crafts scene, factory outlets, quaint little shops and fine restaurants serving local food made with seasonal produce. Røros is about 2 hours drive south-east of Trondheim pear the border to Sweden

See the official web-page: http://en.roros.no/

ECCOMAS and IACM Support

IGA 2015 is one of the Special Interest Conference of the European Community in Computational Methods in Applied Sciences (ECCOMAS)

www.eccomas.org

IGA 2015 is one of the Special Interest Conference of the International Association for Computational Mechanics (IACM) www.iacm.info

